

# SOMMAIRE EXÉCUTIF DU COMITÉ 03 - ANALYSE ET REVUE DES DÉFINITIONS D'ARCHITECTE PAYSAGISTE ET ARCHITECTURE DE PAYSAGE, LA MISSION DE L'AAPQ, SES OBJECTIFS ET VALEURS

## État de la situation

Dans le cadre du processus d'admission à un ordre professionnel, il devient fondamental de bien définir, de clarifier hors de tout doute qui et ce qui est traité dans le cadre de cette demande.

La nature même de la profession d'architecte paysagiste et l'étendue du champ de pratique qu'est l'architecture de paysage font en sorte qu'il est souvent confondant pour l'architecte paysagiste, pour le client, pour l'institution d'enseignement ou pour le grand public de bien cerner la nature exacte des responsabilités et capacités exactes de l'architecte paysagiste.

Vu l'ampleur du champ de pratique, plusieurs domaines recourent ou peuvent recouper le travail de l'architecte paysagiste, confondant à la fois les professionnels ayant intérêt ou devant travailler ensemble, les clients désireux d'obtenir les meilleurs résultats possibles et le grand public qui finalement sera le vrai client, l'utilisateur.

## Analyse

Les stratégies utilisées pour décrire le domaine (architecture de paysage) et le professionnel le pratiquant (architecte paysagiste) sont diversifiées et elles s'expriment dans les nombreuses approches retenues.

Nous passons donc d'un extrême à l'autre, de la description détaillée et minutieuse cherchant à démontrer la multitude des tâches et responsabilités de l'architecte paysagiste à la synthèse conceptuelle de rôles et responsabilités généraux pouvant s'appliquer à une pléiade d'interventions et de professionnels. Ces textes très valables sont donc soit descriptifs et fastidieux, soit plutôt lyriques.

Dans chacun des cas, les associations traitées dans ce rapport se sont attardées à produire des définitions visant une clientèle précise, plutôt homogène : le grand public, les donateurs d'ouvrage, les professionnels, etc. Pour aucune de ces associations, sauf peut-être pour l'ASLA, avons-nous retrouvé des descriptions adaptées à plusieurs clientèles et à leurs intérêts spécifiques.

## Recommandations au CA de l'AAPQ

1. Identifier quelles sont les clientèles que nous désirons informer prioritairement ;
2. Convenir du niveau de détail requis, utile ou désiré pour chacune de ces clientèles ;
3. Produire une proposition de "groupe" de définitions pour chacune des clientèles ;
4. Présenter et faire approuver par les membres ces "groupes" de définitions ;
5. Intégrer ces définitions dans les documents et médiums appropriés selon un calendrier adapté aux priorités du Conseil.

## ANNEXE - SOMMAIRE DES DONNÉES RECUEILLIES

ASSOCIATION CANADIENNE - Association des architectes paysagistes du Canada - AAPC	
Architecture de paysage	Architecte paysagiste
<p>L'architecture de paysage concerne la conception, la planification, la gestion et la préservation du territoire. Le travail des architectes paysagistes porte sur la conception d'espaces publics, de structures et de points d'intérêt extérieurs. L'objectif est la création d'espaces attrayants d'un point de vue social, environnemental et esthétique en tenant compte des conditions préexistantes du paysage sur les plans social, écologique et géologique. Les œuvres des architectes paysagistes nous entourent tant dans la forme que dans la fonction du territoire : aménagement urbain, planification de sites, gestion des eaux pluviales, urbanisme, rénovation urbaine, planification des parcs, des lieux de loisirs, des infrastructures vertes, plans directeurs et conception des espaces et des lotissements résidentiels...</p>	<p>Professionnel de l'architecture de paysage</p>
<b>Vision/Mission</b>	<p>Les citoyens et les gouvernements devraient faire appel à l'architecture de paysage pour créer et améliorer un milieu de vie durable pour tous.</p> <p>L'AAPC est la championne, le porte-parole et la voix des architectes paysagistes canadiens et de l'architecture de paysage à l'échelle nationale. En collaboration avec ses associations constituantes et ses organismes partenaires, l'AAPC se voue à faire progresser l'art, la science et l'exercice de l'architecture de paysage.</p>
<b>Objectifs</b>	<p>Faire connaître et promouvoir la profession auprès du public ; Offrir des possibilités de perfectionnement professionnel ; Reconnaître les membres et souligner leurs réalisations ; Soutenir l'éducation et la recherche par l'agrément de programmes d'AP</p>
<b>Valeurs</b>	<p>Vision stratégique et leadership ; Collaboration ; Responsabilité ; Éthique et honnêteté ; Durabilité ; Excellence</p>
<b>Références</b>	<p><a href="#">Vision, Mission, Objectifs, Valeurs, Définitions</a></p>

ASSOCIATION CONSTITUANTE - Atlantic provinces association of landscape architects - APALA	
Architecture de paysage	Architecte paysagiste
LA is the profession committed to the creation of meaningful and vital outdoor places and to the sustainable management of our environment	N/A
<b>Vision/Mission</b>	Promoting the responsible practice of landscape architecture in the region, fosters the good conduct and continuing development of our members, and advocates for the intelligent accommodation of human needs in the outdoor environment.
<b>Objectifs</b>	N/A
<b>Valeurs</b>	N/A
<b>Références</b>	<a href="#">Definition</a> , <a href="#">Mission</a>

Architecture de paysage

Architecte paysagiste

Au carrefour de l'aménagement et du design, l'architecte paysagiste est le spécialiste des espaces extérieurs. Du plus petit jardin résidentiel à la planification d'une région entière, l'architecte paysagiste met sa sensibilité, sa compétence technique et sa créativité au service du bien-être de sa collectivité. Il maîtrise le milieu dans lequel il intervient, son but étant de créer un paysage de qualité répondant aux besoins des populations.

L'architecte paysagiste exerce une profession de synthèse. Il s'implique en amont de la réalisation de ses projets, du concept jusqu'aux plans et devis de réalisation et en est le maître d'œuvre. Lorsqu'il est appelé à réaliser son travail en collaboration avec des experts-conseils, il s'assure que les rouages fonctionnent en douceur et il sait négocier le projet rassembleur au sein de l'équipe multidisciplinaire.

L'architecte paysagiste accompagne le client en vue de la réalisation de divers projets

Vision/Mission

Rassembler, représenter et soutenir ses membres et promouvoir la profession dans le contexte de la protection, la mise en valeur, la gestion et la création des paysages en tous milieux, contribuant ainsi à constituer un cadre de vie durable, fonctionnel, esthétique et sain pour la population.

Objectifs

Voir à la protection et à la sécurité du public

Valeurs

La solidarité ; Le partenariat ; L'équité ; La transparence ; Le professionnalisme et l'intégrité

Références

[Mission, Objectifs, Valeurs](#) ; [Définitions, Champ de pratique](#)

**ASSOCIATION CONSTITUANTE - Ontario association of landscape architects - OALA**

**Architecture de paysage**

**Architecte paysagiste**

Landscape architecture is the profession which applies artistic and scientific principles to the research, planning, design and management of both natural and built environments. Practitioners of this profession apply creative and technical skills, and scientific, cultural and political knowledge in the planned arrangement of natural and constructed elements on the land with a concern for the stewardship and conservation of natural, constructed and human resources. The resulting environments shall serve useful, aesthetic, safe and enjoyable purposes.

Landscape architecture may, for the purpose of landscape preservation, development and enhancement, include: investigation, selection and allocation of land and water resources for appropriate uses; feasibility studies; formulation of graphic and written criteria to govern the planning and design of land construction programs; preparation, review and analysis of master plans for land use and development; production of overall site plans, landscape grading and drainage plans, irrigation plans, planting plans and construction details; specifications; cost estimates and reports for land development; collaboration in the design of roads, bridges and structures with respect to the functional and aesthetic requirements of the areas on which they are to be placed; negotiation and arrangement for execution of land area projects; field observation and inspection of land area construction, restoration and maintenance. (Approved by the OALA Council, January 17, 1984).

The term landscape architect was first used in 1860 to describe the professional landscape design activities of Frederick Law Olmsted, designer of New York City's Central Park. Olmsted, considered North America's most influential landscape architect, also designed Mount Royal Park in Montreal.

**Vision/Mission**

Voir OALA Act

**Objectifs**

N/A

**Valeurs**

Voir OALA Act

**Références**

[History of the Act](#) ; [OALA Act](#)

**ASSOCIATION CONSTITUANTE - Nunavut association of landscape architects - NUALA**

**Architecture de paysage**

**Architecte paysagiste**

Landscape Architecture in Nunavut is committed to the creative and responsible planning and design of our Arctic landscapes, Inuit cultural sites , and historic places. The sustainable use, development, conservation and management of our Arctic environment is our goal. Our profession respects Inuit Qaujimajatuqangit (Inuit Traditional Knowledge), and brings together traditional knowledge, scientific knowledge, and design. We work within the context of the Nunavut Land Claims Agreement. We are concerned with design and management and respect for our wildlife, wildlife habitat, Inuit cultural landscapes, and cultural resources; recognition of social and economic factors that affect Nunavut; recognition of the connection between Inuit and the landscape as an integral element of cultural identity; and safe and sustainable development in generating creative solutions for our communities, towns and cities and the natural environment of our lands, mountains, rivers and coastlines.

N/A

**Vision/Mission**

to improve and promote the profession of landscape architecture in Nunavut in a manner that recognizes and reflects its unique cultural and natural environments; to enhance the knowledge, education, and skill in the art and science of landscape architecture throughout Nunavut by fostering public, government, and industry interests in landscape architecture; to provide a “voice” for Nunavut’s landscapes.

**Objectifs**

N/A

**Valeurs**

N/A

**Références**

[NUALA](#)

**ASSOCIATION CONSTITUANTE - Manitoba association of landscape architects - MALA**

**Architecture de paysage**

**Architecte paysagiste**

Landscape Architecture is the profession that applies knowledge of the earth’s natural systems and human cultures to the planning, design and management of urban and rural developments. Its goals are to promote attitudes of respect, care and responsibility in conserving the landscapes of human heritage and understanding the physical and cultural environments in which new places are created. The Landscape Architect’s foremost responsibility is to inspire high respect and confidence in the profession. Sustained public acceptance is not only essential for professional achievement and progress, but it is vital in the role of promoting and serving general public welfare.

N/A

**Vision/Mission**

The Manitoba Association of Landscape Architects (MALA) represents and sets standards for Landscape Architects in the Province of Manitoba. MALA is one of the nine provincial, regional or territorial bodies that constitute the Canadian Society of Landscape Architects.

**Objectifs**

N/A

**Valeurs**

N/A

**Références**

[MALA](#)

**ASSOCIATION CONSTITUANTE - Saskatchewan association of landscape architects - SALA**

**Architecture de paysage**

**Architecte paysagiste**

Landscape architecture is a creative practice that incorporates the planning and design of outdoor spaces and public areas of varying scales. Landscape architecture integrates both the needs of people and the environment, and aims to promote strong urban design, environmental resource management, and ecological sensitivity.

A landscape architect is a trained professional that provides a range of service including research, analysis, design, planning, budgeting, and consultation. Landscape architects prepare drawings and construction documents, develop policy and provide contract administration.

**Vision/Mission**

N/A

**Objectifs**

The Saskatchewan Association of Landscape Architects (SALA) is the organization that represents professional landscape architects in Saskatchewan. Its Members qualify by years of education, training, experience. They subscribe to a code of ethics to ensure professional practices and to protect the interest of clients and the public.

**Valeurs**

N/A

**Références**

[SALA](#)



**ASSOCIATION CONSTITUANTE - Alberta association of landscape architects - AALA**

**Architecture de paysage**

**Architecte paysagiste**

As defined by the Canadian Society of Landscape Architects (CSLA):

The scope of work for a Landscape Architect can vary dramatically. Many landscape architects are involved with master planning, site planning, landscape design, project management and implementation across a diverse, wide range of projects. Landscape Architects are involved with: Commercial Enhancement; Environmental Advocacy; Green Roofs; Habitat Restoration; Historic Preservation/ Education; Industrial Reclamation; Institutional Site Design; Interpretive Programming; Local Government; Naturalization Neighbourhood Parks; Placemaking Policy Development Public Engagement; Regional Recreation; Residential Design; Streetscapes; Sustainable Site Water Management; Therapeutic Gardens; Transportation Planning Urban Plazas; Way-finding

Those who practice the profession of landscape architecture are called "landscape architects".

**Vision/Mission**

The AALA is recognized as the voice of landscape architecture in Alberta, advocating for the safety, health and wellness of its people, places, and environments.

The AALA regulates the use of the title of Landscape Architect in Alberta; The AALA advocates the value and role of landscape architects and landscape architectural technologists through education and promotion; The AALA provides networking, social and educational opportunities to the benefit of all members.

**Objectifs**

N/A

ASSOCIATION CONSTITUANTE - Alberta association of landscape architects - AALA	
	Architecture de paysage
Valeurs	<p>Landscape Architects integrate and apply knowledge of ecology, socio-cultural factors, economics and aesthetics to create environments that are functional, innovative appropriate and attractive. The skill of Landscape Architects is visible all around us in the beauty and usefulness of our parks, natural areas, gardens, urban plazas, streets, neighbourhoods and communities.</p> <p>Throughout the world, in our urban, suburban, rural and natural areas, Landscape Architects play a unique role in shaping the land. Often sought after to join multidisciplinary consulting teams, Landscape Architects work for private firms, municipalities, government agencies, land developers, post-secondary institutes and non-profit organizations.</p>
Références	<a href="#">AALA</a>

ASSOCIATION CONSTITUANTE - Northwest Territories association of landscape architects - NWTALA	
	Architecture de paysage
	N/A
Vision/Mission	N/A

Architecture de paysage

Architecte paysagiste

Objectifs

To provide an opportunity to discuss design and landscape issues with landscape architects and other design professions; To promote improved landscape development throughout the Northwest Territories through fostering public, government and industry interests in landscape architecture; To provide professional representation for all matters affecting the practice of Landscape Architecture in the Northwest Territories; To provide a link to components of the Canadian Society of Landscape Architects and other landscape architectural associations; To provide a Northwest Territories base for education and information concerning landscape architecture. In this regard, the Association may act as trustee for scholarships, endowments, or trusts of philanthropic nature; and, To promote the profession of landscape architecture.

Valeurs

N/A

Références

[NMTALA](#)

ASSOCIATION CONSTITUANTE - British Columbia society of landscape architects	
Architecture de paysage	Architecte paysagiste
Landscape architecture involves the design and planning of physical sites such as parks and recreation areas, both from an aesthetic and resource management perspective. Landscape architects are professionals concerned with the creative, rational planning and design of our outdoor living spaces.	A landscape architect is trained to integrate human needs into the natural environment through a functional, aesthetic and economically viable solution. Landscape architects may provide a range of services such as planning and design, budget consultation, analysis and studies, preparation of drawings contract administration and construction reviews.
<b>Vision/Mission</b>	BCSLA applique le “Architects (landscape) Act”. Voir note
<b>Objectifs</b>	
<b>Valeurs</b>	
<b>Références</b>	<a href="#">Architects (landscape) Act</a> ; <a href="#">BCSLA</a>

AUTRES ASSOCIATIONS - International federation of landscape architects - IFLA	
Architecture de paysage	Architecte paysagiste

Architecture de paysage

Landscape architecture combines environment and design, art and science. It is about everything outside the front door, both urban and rural, at the interface between people and natural systems. The range of ways in which landscape architects work is staggering. From master-planning Olympic sites to planning and managing landscapes like national parks and areas of outstanding natural beauty to designing the public squares and parks that we all use, landscape architecture nurtures communities and makes their environment human and liveable.

Environmental precaution and protection in physical and regional planning:

Regional landscape programmes and landscape structure plans; Regional development concepts, communal and inter-communal infrastructure studies; Environmental planning; Planning and programmes for leisure parks and large-scale landscape remediation; Concepts for landscape conversion and decontamination; Studies into the regeneration of disused industrial and settlement sites; Overall concepts for rivers, streams and lakes and their renaturalisation; Research projects concerning conservation and environmental issues; Nature protection management

Landscape tasks in urban land use; planning and sectoral planning:

Green and open space planning as part of urban land use planning; Landscape envelope plans; Environmental impact assessment in the context of site location and suitability; Studies regarding the environmental impact of planning and development programmes; Habitat planning and development; Mapping of landscapes and natural areas; Planning for national parks, biosphere and nature reserves, as well as landscape protection areas; Services regarding the legal and administrative procedures for protecting areas; Landscape maintenance plans in infrastructural development and project planning; Environmental impact assessment according to impact mitigation regulations; Planning for mineral extraction and reclamation; Setting up and maintaining documentation of impact mitigation measures; Maintenance and development plans; follow-up planning; Monitoring

Architecte paysagiste

Landscape architects are broad thinkers who thrive on the big picture. They are playing an increasingly important role in addressing the great issues of our day: climate change, sustainable communities, water, housing and the prevention of hunger.

Landscape architects are also active in other fields related to the design of open spaces and landscapes: for example, in village redevelopment as well as in urban planning and inner-city regeneration projects. Here landscape architects have to co-operate with architects, town planners, civil engineers, biologists and social planners

Landscape architects work for planning consultancies, for companies in the gardening and landscape industry, for government agencies and for local governments in public works and parks departments, water authorities or nature conservation bodies

Architecture de paysage

Architecte paysagiste

Architecture de paysage

Architecte paysagiste

Suite..

Infrastructure studies, development planning and landscape programmes:

Concepts concerning retention potential and rain-water management; Agricultural planning and expert reports concerning land consolidation; Forest planning; Concepts with regard to agricultural and forestry extensification; Land use planning; Development of green finger corridors and stepping stone concepts; Development plans for sport and recreation areas; Horizontal and vertical alignment of cycle lanes, footpaths and nature study trails; Planning of routes, loop trails, ski runs, sport complexes and arenas for winter sports, motor sports, water sports, riding, cycling and cross-country skiing.

Environmental precaution and protection in physical and regional planning:

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AUTRES ASSOCIATIONS - International federation of landscape architects - IFLA

Architecture de paysage

Architecte paysagiste



Architecture de paysage

Architecte paysagiste

Suite...

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Urban planning and village redevelopment planning

Planning schemes and project designs for urban development and regeneration; Land use and structure plans; Concepts for green spaces in residential, commercial and industrial areas; Planning for allotments and garden areas; Contributions towards urban development and infrastructural projects; Structure plans for urban regeneration and village renewal; Townscape design and village design statements; Ecological housing and settlement planning; expert opinions on the sustainability of planningProject planning and design

Public and private parks and green spaces:

Squares and plazas, public places, and city monuments; Pedestrian areas and traffic restricted zones, promenades; Sport complexes such as stadiums, arenas, grounds and pitches; Playgrounds and recreation spaces for children, young people and adults; Special installations like climbing walls, cycling and skating courses, and golf courses; Outdoor swimming pools, bathing areas and beaches; Camping and caravan sitesSpa parks and recreation spaces; Horticultural exhibitions and concepts for other outdoor fairs; Botanical and zoological gardens; Graveyards and memorials; Open spaces around public and private buildings; car parks; Planting of industrial and commercial sites Design and integration of roadside and motorway service areas and rest areas; Private gardens and courtyards; Roof gardens and patios; Planting of conservatories and indoor spaces

Architecture de paysage

Architecte paysagiste

Suite...

Maintenance of parks and historic gardens

Documenting the history and keeping records of historic parks and gardens; Setting up inventories of historic gardens; producing park maintenance manuals; Concepts for the restoration of historic gardens and green spaces; Planning of plant layouts according to historical models and regeneration of historic planting designs; Proposals for the restoration of historic water features like fountains, cascades and ponds; Plans for the restoration of architectural features of historic parks such as statues, sculptures or other monuments

Project control, monitoring and implementation:

Project management and control; Work planning procedures, construction site logistics, materials procurement; Specification of construction standards and materials; Concepts for minimizing the environmental impact of construction; Adhering to regulations regarding environmental impact minimization by using environmentally-friendly technologies; Project supervision, accounting of executed works and implementation control; Green space management, planning and organizing the development and maintenance of green spaces; Conflict management (in case of general problems and insolvencies)

Expert consultancy services, presentations and mediation:

Organization and evaluation of design and architectural competitions; Supervision and execution of public planning procedures; Preparation of expert opinions; Conflict management and mediation; Organizing public participation and enquiries, project presentation; Visualizations, film and photographic documentation; Organizing exhibitions and presentations; Public relations

**AUTRES ASSOCIATIONS -Internatkiional Federation of Landscape Archityects - IFLA**

Architecture de paysage

Architecte paysagiste

**Vision/Mission**

Our mission is to create globally sustainable and balanced living environments for the benefit of humanity worldwide.  
We have just been through a significant transformation to create a new, forward thinking and more effective organisation

**Objectifs**

Our strategic aim is to become more indispensable through the excellent services we provide to our members and through leadership that raises the profile of the profession and increases advocacy via national and international governments and NGO's.

**Valeurs**

**Références**

[Landscape Architecture;](#) ;[Landscape Architect.;](#) [Updated Definition](#) ; [About IFLA](#)

**AUTRES ASSOCIATIONS - American society of landscape architects - ASLA**

Architecture de paysage

Architecte paysagiste

**AUTRES ASSOCIATIONS - American society of landscape architects - ASLA**

**Architecture de paysage**

**Architecte paysagiste**

Landscape architects analyze, plan, design, manage, and nurture the built and natural environments. Landscape architects have a significant impact on communities and quality of life. They design parks, campuses, streetscapes, trails, plazas, and other projects that help define a community.

LA boosts our sustainability ; AL improves our health; LA works in all communities; LA is green infrastructure

Landscape architecture combines art and science. It is the profession that designs, plans and manages our land. Landscape architecture has strong roots in the U.S.

The actual term landscape architecture became common after 1863 when Frederick Law Olmsted and Calvert Vaux designed New York's Central Park. Today, landscape architects deal with the increasingly complex relationships between the built and natural environments.

Landscape architects plan and design traditional places such as parks, residential developments, campuses, gardens, cemeteries, commercial centers, resorts, transportation corridors, corporate and institutional centers and waterfront developments.

They also design and plan the restoration of natural places disturbed by humans such as wetlands, stream corridors, mined areas and forested land.

Their appreciation for historic landscapes and cultural resources enables landscape architects to undertake preservation planning projects for national, regional and local historic sites and areas.

Working with architects, city planners, civil engineers and other professionals, landscape architects play an important role in environmental protection by designing and implementing projects that respect both the needs of people and of our environment.

Meeting human needs by making wise use of our environmental resources is work that is in demand today and will continue to be needed in the future.

**Vision/Mission**

Landscape architects lead the planning, design, and stewardship of healthy, equitable, safe, and resilient environments. The Society's mission is to advance landscape architecture through advocacy, communication, education, and fellowship.

Healthy, beautiful, and resilient places for all.

**Objectifs**

N/A

**Valeurs**

Excellence, Integrity, Diversity, Leadership, Stewardship

**Références**

[Landscape Architecture Licensure Handbook](#) ; [Landscape Architecture](#) ; [LA PDF](#) ; [About ASLA](#)

CCP- Charte canadienne du paysage de l'AAPC

Architecture de paysage		Architecte paysagiste
<p>Au carrefour de l'aménagement et du design, l'architecture de paysage se spécialise dans l'aménagement de nouveaux paysages ou dans la gestion, la conservation, la protection et la restauration de paysages existants - de la plus petite échelle locale aux paysages régionaux.</p> <p>L'ampleur et la diversité du domaine d'intervention amènent l'architecte paysagiste à prendre en considération les perspectives liées à la culture, au patrimoine, au social, à l'esthétique, à l'environnement et à l'économique. Ce travail peut se faire, selon les besoins, avec la participation de parties prenantes et en collaboration multidisciplinaire, et il peut englober l'ensemble des étapes de réalisation d'un projet, de la planification à la surveillance de chantier, en passant par la préparation d'estimations, de plans et devis et de plans d'exécution.</p>		N/A
<b>Vision/Mission</b>	N/A	
<b>Objectifs</b>	N/A	
<b>Valeurs</b>	Reconnait tous les paysages comme vitaux ; Tient compte de tous les gens concernés ; Favorise la bonne intendance ; Accroît la connaissance sur les paysages ; fait preuve de leadership	
<b>Références</b>	<a href="#">CCP - AAPC</a>	